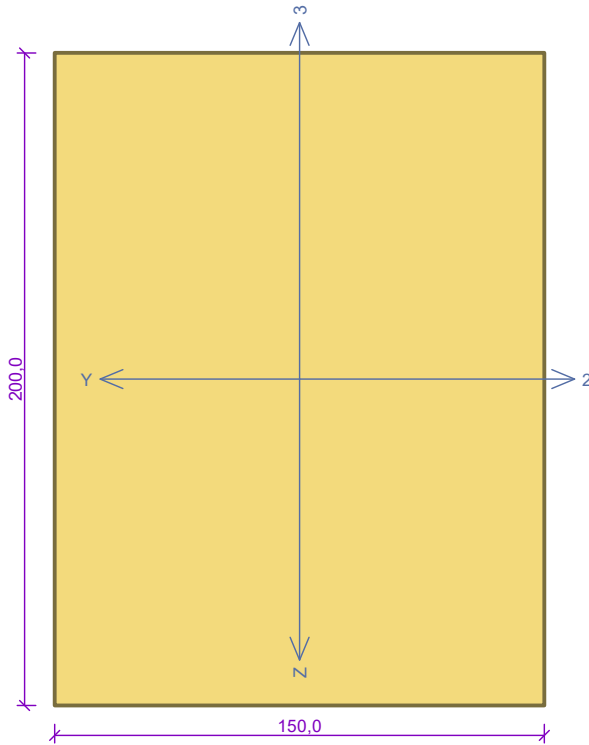


Section 1



Standard **EN 1995-1-1/Czech Rep.**

Solid timber, basic load combination : $\gamma_M = 1,300$
 Accidental load combination : $\gamma_M = 1,000$

Service class: 1

Section: Rectangular

Dimensions:

Cross-section height $h = 200,0$ mm
 Cross-section width $b = 150,0$ mm

Material: C22 - coniferous

Timber type: solid

Material characteristics:

Bending strength	$f_{m,k}$:	22,0	MPa
Tensile strength in fibre direction	$f_{t,0,k}$:	13,0	MPa
Compressive strength in fibre direction	$f_{c,0,k}$:	20,0	MPa
Shear strength	$f_{v,k}$:	2,4	MPa
Compressive strength perpendicular to fibres	$f_{c,90,k}$:	2,4	MPa
Tensile strength perpendicular to fibres	$f_{t,90,k}$:	0,5	MPa
Elastic modulus	$E_{0,mean}$:	10000	MPa
5% elastic modulus quantile	$E_{0,05}$:	6700	MPa
Shear modulus	G_{mean}	:	630	MPa
Characteristic value of density	ρ_k	:	340,0	kg/m ³

Calculation ignores coefficient k_h for increasing timber strength.

Internal forces in system of cross-section coordinates:

Load with maximal utilization

Load 1

Long-term load

$N = -152,000$ kN
 $M_y = 0,000$ kNm
 $V_z = -10,000$ kN
 $M_z = 0,000$ kNm
 $V_y = 0,000$ kN

Buckling:

Calculation with buckling

Sector length for buckling $L_z = 2,290$ m

Buckling length factor $k_z = 1,000$ Buckling length $L_{cr,z} = 2,290$ m

Sector length for buckling $L_y = 2,290$ m

Buckling length factor $k_y = 1,000$ Buckling length $L_{cr,y} = 2,290$ m

Buckling:

Calculation without buckling

Results

Decisive load: Load 1

Internal forces: $N = -152,000$ kN; $M_y = 0,000$ kNm; $M_z = 0,000$ kNm; $V_z = -10,000$ kN; $V_y = 0,000$ kN

Buckling compression check:

Resistance: $N_R = 241,587$ kN

$|-0,629| < 1$ **Pass**

Shear forces check:

Resistance: $V_R = 17,317$ kN

$0,577 < 1$ **Pass**

Member slenderness check:

member slenderness: 52,9

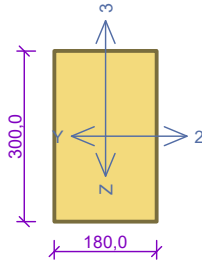
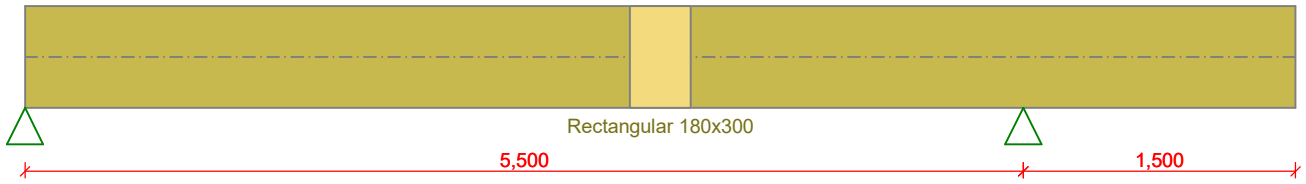
limit slenderness: 120,0

Member slenderness ok

Section ok

PASS

Beam 1



Standard EN 1995-1-1/Czech Rep..

Service class: 2

Material: S10 (C24) - coniferous

Timber type: solid

Calculation uses coefficient k_h for increasing tensile and bending strength.

Load

$f_{g,1} = 0,227$ kN/m	$\gamma_f = 1,35$
$f_{g,2} = 0,500$ kN/m	$\gamma_f = 1,35$
$f_{q,3} = 1,500$ kN/m	$\gamma_f = 1,5$
$f_{q,4} = 1,500$ kN/m (0,000 - 5,500m)	$\gamma_f = 1,5$
$f_{q,5} = 1,500$ kN/m (5,500 - 7,000m)	$\gamma_f = 1,5$

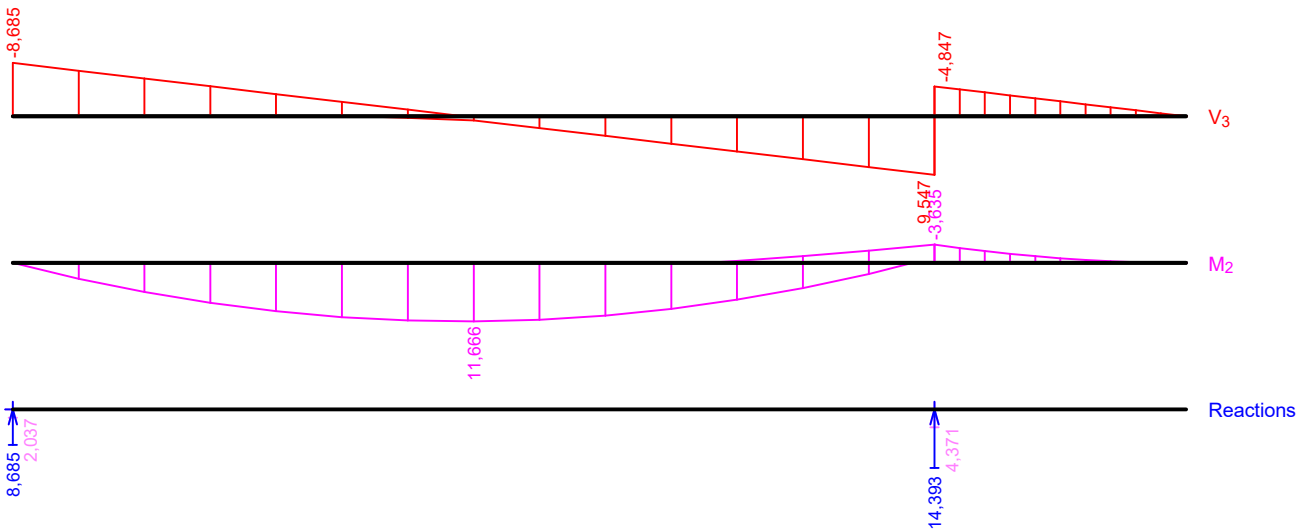
Buckling:

Buckling M_y :

$l_{z1} = 7,000$ m

Beam and load type: Beam with distributed load

Load position: On the top



Results

Decisive load: Q4:G1+G2

Internal forces: $M_y = 11,666$ kNm; $V_z = 0,201$ kN

Bending moment check:

Resistance: $M_{y,R} = 34,892$ kNm
 $0,334 < 1$ **Pass**

Shear forces check:

Resistance: $V_R = 51,951$ kN
 $0,004 < 1$ **Pass**

Section ok

Characteristic load states

Maximum deformation is 4,6mm at point $x = 7,000$ m

Maximum allowed deformation is $3,000\text{m} / 300,0 = 10,0\text{mm}$
 $4,6\text{mm} < 10,0\text{mm}$ **Pass**

Final load states

Maximum deformation is 6,3mm at point $x = 7,000$ m

Maximum allowed deformation is $3,000\text{m} / 150,0 = 20,0\text{mm}$
 $6,3\text{mm} < 20,0\text{mm}$ **Pass**

Member deflection **PASS**

PASS